**Grade 2**

**Unit 6**

**Vocabulary**

**Entertainment**

A comedy show: komedi gösterisi

Comedian: komedyen

An exhibition: sergi

A cinema: sinema

A concert: konser

A festival: festival

A theatre: tiyatro

Internet: internet

Magazine: magazin/ dergi

Free: bedava

Costume: kostüm / sahne elbisesi

Open-air: açık hava (open air concert: açık hava konseri)

Location: yer/ konum

Silent: suskun / sessiz

**Grammar**

**Likes and Dislikes (sevmek ve sevmemek) (slayt likes and dislikes)**

😊 like

😊😊love

☹ don’t like

☹☹hate

Like: sevmek

Love: çok sevmek/bayılmak/aşık olmak

Don’t like: sevmemek

Hate: nefret etmek

Sevmek ve Sevmemekten bahseden bu yapılar 2 şekilde kullanılıyor. Birincisi sadece **isim** alarak, ikincisi **fiil** alarak:

**İsim alırken:**

😊 I like **pizza** / He likes **pizza**

😊😊I love pizza/ He loves pizza

☹ I don’t like pizza / He doesn’t like pizza

☹☹I hate pizza / He hates pizza

(I öznesi yerine you,we,they de gelebilir; he öznesi yerine she, it de gelebilir. He/she/it in her zaman farklılık yarattığını unutmayalım.)

**Fiil alırken:**

😊 I like eat**ing** pizza / He likes eat**ing** pizza (Fiilimiz yemek anlamına gelen “eat” olsun)

😊😊I love eating pizza/ He loves eating pizza

☹ I don’t like eating pizza / He doesn’t like eating pizza

☹☹ I hate eating pizza / He hates eating pizza

(I öznesi yerine you,we,they de gelebilir; he öznesi yerine she, it de gelebilir. He/she/it in her zaman farklılık yarattığını unutmayalım.)

Yani: “Ben **pizza severim”** yerine “Ben **pizza yemeyi severim”** dediğin zaman **yemek fiiline -ing takısı**nı mutlaka ekliyoruz. Bu durum **like, love, don’t like, hate** gibi sevmek/sevmemek gibi anlamlara gelen yapılar için geçerli ve gereklidir!

**Yani olay aslında, bunlardan sonra FİİL geliyorsa, -ING takısı eklemektir!**

**Write *like* or *likes*.**

1. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ apples.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cookies.
3. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ strawberries.
4. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ coffee.
5. They \_\_\_\_\_ candy.
6. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rice.

**Write don’t like or doesn’t like.**

1. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tea.
2. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hot chocolate.
3. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cherries.
4. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ jelly.
5. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_sandwiches.
6. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bananas.

**Write do or does.**

1. \_\_\_\_she like candy?
2. \_\_\_\_ you like tea?
3. \_\_\_\_ they like fruit?
4. \_\_\_\_\_he like apples?
5. \_\_\_\_you like hot chocolate?



*(like)*

*He likes books*

*He likes read****ing*** *books.*



*(love)*

*She loves tennis*

*She loves play****ing*** *tennis*



*(swim/not like)*

*He doesn’t like swimm****ing***



*(homework /hate)*

*He hates homework*

*He hates do****ing*** *homework*



*(not like/ music)*

*He doesn’t like music*

*He doesn’t like listen****ing*** *to music*



*(love/ computer games)*

*He loves computer games*

*He loves play****ing*** *computer games*



(like/singing)

They like songs

They like sing**ing** songs

………………………………………………….

I like football

I like play**ing** football

I don’t like football

I don’t like play**ing** football

I love football

I love play**ing** football

I hate football

I hate play**ing** football

(I yerine you/we/they de getirebilirsin)

He likes football

He likes playing football

He doesn’t like football

He doesn’t like playing football

He loves football

He loves playing football

He hates football

He hates playing football

**Vocabulary**

1930s: 1930 lar

2000s: 2000 ler

Tv channels: televizyon kanalları

Movie night: film gecesi

Be on demand: revaçta olmak / istenmek/ tercih edilen (smartphone on demand: revaçta olan akıllı telefon)

An old TV show: eski bir televizyon program

**Grammar**

**Was/ were (slayt past tense to be)**

Was / were geçmiş zamandan bahseden yapılardır. Ancak buna geçmeden önce geniş zaman yapıları olan am/is/are ı hatırlayalım:

**Ben mutluyum (bir durum)**

Ben mutlu bir şekilde şarkı söylüyorum (bir hareket)

**To be or Not to be (olmak ya da olmamak)**

**Am/is/are (geniş zamanda -olmak) was / were (geçmiş zamanda -olmak)**

I am a teacher (Ben bir öğretmenim) I **was** a teacher (Ben bir öğretmen**di**m)

You are a teacher (Sen bir öğretmensin) You were a teacher (Sen bir öğretmendin)

He is a teacher (O bir öğretmen) He **was** a teacher (O bir öğretmendi)

She is a teacher ( “ ) She **was** a teacher ( “ )

It is a teacher ( “ ) It **was** a teacher ( “ )

We are teachers (Biz öğretmeniz) We were teachers (Biz öğretmendik)

You are teachers (Siz öğretmensiniz) You were teachers (Siz öğretmendiniz)

They are teachers (Onlar öğretmenler) They were teachers (Onlar öğretmenlerdi)

***Forming the past tense of to be.***

**Affirmative and negative sentence Interrogative sentence**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I | was |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |
| He | was not |  |  |  | Was | he |  |  |
| She | wasn’t | at home |  |  |  | she | at home |  |
| It |  | in hospital | yesterday. |  |  | it | in hospital | yesterday. |
| You | were | on holiday | last week. |  |  | you | on holiday | last week. |
| We | were not | in London |  |  | Were | we | in London |  |
| They | weren’t |  |  |  |  | they |  |  |

(+) I was sad

(-) I wasn’t sad

(?) Was I sad?

(cevap) Yes, you were / No, you weren’t

(+) They were sad

(-) They weren’t sad

(?) Were they sad?

(cevap) Yes, they were / No, they weren’t

Hadi Geçmiş Zaman yapalım…

1. I am tired.

(+) I was tired

(-) I wasn’t tired

(?) Was I tired?

(cevap) Yes, you were / No, you weren’t

2. Everything is all right.

(+) Everything was all right

(-) Everything wasn’t all right

(?) Was everything all right?

(cevap) Yes, it was / No, it wasn’t

3. Betty is in bed.

(+) Betty was in bed

(-) Betty wasn’t in bed

(?) Was Betty in bed?

(cevap) Yes, she was / No, she wasn’t

4. Mary is too young.

(+) Mary was too young

(-) Mary wasn’t too young

(?) Was Mary too young?

(cevap) Yes, she was / No, she wasn’t

5. You are in Canada.

(+) You were in Canada

(-) You weren’t in Canada

(?) Were you in Canada?

(cevap) Yes, I was / No, I wasn’t

6. The door is open.

(+) The door was open.

(-) The door wasn’t open

(?) Was the door open?

(cevap) yes, it was / no, it wasn’t

7. This is my house.

(+) This was my house

(-) This wasn’t my house

(?) Was this my house?

(cevap) yes, it was / no, it wasn’t

8. We are good pupils.

(+) We were good pupils.

(-) We weren’t good pupils

(?) Were we good pupils?

(cevap) yes, you were / no, you weren’t

9. Betsy and Martha are at school.

(+) Betsy and Martha were at school

(-) Betsy and Martha weren’t at school

(?) Were Betsy and Martha at school?

(cevap) Yes, they were / no, they weren’t

10. These are my teachers.

(+) These were my teachers.

(-) These weren’t my teachers.

(?) Were these my teachers?

(cevap) yes, they were / no, they weren’t

**Past Time Expressions (slayt past expressions)**

Geçmiş zaman ifadelerinden bahsederken kullanılan yapılardır.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **In (de/da- içinde)** | **Ago (önce)** | **Last (geçen)** |
| In 1952  In June  In winter | 10 minutes ago  Six weeks ago  Two years ago | Last Friday  Last June  Last month  Last weekend  Last winter  Last year |

**Yesterday: dün / yesterday morning: dün sabah**

I was in Ankara **last year**

I was a student **10 years ago**

They were in Bodrum **in July**

**Past Simple Regular and Irregular Verbs (slayt regular and irregular verbs)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Regular Verbs** |  |
|  | **Past Simple** |  |
| Ask (sormak) | Ask**ed** | I ask**ed** for help |
| Like (beğenmek, hoşlanmak) | Like**d** (like+ed) | She like**d** comedy shows |
| Stop (durmak) | Stop**ped** | You stop**ped** the car |
| Study (çalışmak) | Stud**ied** | We stud**ied** English last night |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Irregular Verbs** |  |
|  | **Past Tense** |  |
| Become (haline gelmek, olmak) | Became | He **became** a pop-star |
| Go( gitmek) | Went | They **went** shopping |
| Have (sahip olmak) | Had | We **had** very little money |
| Send (göndermek) | Sent | They **sent** you an e-mail |
| Write (yazmak) | Wrote | I **wrote** you a letter |
| Win (kazanmak) | Won | She **won** the game |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Spelling Rules |  |
| Join (katılmak) | join**ed** |
| Like | like**d** |
| Study | stud**ied** |
| Stop | stop**ped** |

-ed ekle: joined

-e ile biten fiilerimize -d ekle: liked

Bir sessiz harften sonra gelen -y varsa, ona -ied ekle : studied

Sesli + sessiz ile biten fiilimizin son harfini double yap: stopped

**Şu kelimeleri de bil:**

**Düzenliler:**

Move- move**d** (bir yerden bir yere hareket etmek/ tanışmak)

Play-play**ed** (oynamak)

Practice-practice**d** (çalışmak, antreman, Pratik yapmak)

Start-start**ed** (başlamak)

Study-stud**ied** (çalışmak)

Want-want**ed** (istemek)

Wait-waited (beklemek) – I waited for him in front of the cinema yesterday.

Work-worked (çalışmak)

Die-died (ölmek)

Decide-decided (karar vermek)

**Düzensizler:**

Become-became (haline gelmek) He **was** so happy years ago but he **became** a very unhappy person.

Get-got (he got on the bus-otobüse bindi / I got it- anladım / he got a good mark- iyi puan aldı/

He **got married** in summer -yazın **evlendi** olur ama he **is married** dersen o **evli** olur)

Go-went (gitmek)

Give-gave (vermek)

Send-sent (göndermek)

Teach-taught (öğretmek)

Take-took (almak)

**Functional Language**

**Asking for and Giving Opinions**

**Fikir sormak için:**

What do you think of **it/this**?: Bu konu hakkında ne düşünüyorsun?

How about you?: Peki ya sen?

**Fikir vermek için:**

It’s awesome: bu müthiş! 😊😊😊

It’s great: bu harika! 😊😊

I love it!: buna bayıldım 😊😊

I like it!: bunu sevdim! 😊

It’s good: bu iyi. 😊

I’m not sure: emin değilim. ☹

It isn’t great: bu çok da iyi değil ☹

I hate it: bundan nefret ediyorum ☹☹

I really hate it; I think it is awful (bundan gerçekten nefret ediyorum; bence bu berbat/rezalet) ☹☹☹

**Useful Phrases**

That’s it? Bu kadar mı?

Ok then: tamam ozaman (then aynı zamanda “sonra” da demek)

I’m sorry: üzgünüm

It makes me feel sad: bu beni üzüyor

Ok. Not that one then: tamam, o olmasın(o değil) ozaman.

Finally! Sonunda!

Let’s do this: hadi şunu yapalım!

**WRITING**

Sayfa 165 deki gibi bir paragraph yazabilmelisiniz. Sizden istenen geçmiş zamanı, öğrendiğiniz kelimeleri, likes and dislikes yapılarını, kısacası bu ünitede öğrendiğiniz yapıları kullanarak katıldığınız bir “etkinlik” ten bahsetmeniz. Bu bir konser olabilir, bir sinema gecesi olabilir, arkadaşlarla ayarladığınız ve pijamalarınızla sadece film izleyip, birşeyler yediğiniz “girls night” olabilir (tabi bu sadece kızlar için), bunu erkekler kendilerine uyarlayabilir. Ek olarak bir gezi organizasyonundan da bahsedebilirsiniz vs vs.. Örnekler 165 te var ancak biraz karmaşık gibi, bu sizi ürkütmesin, daha basit ve açık cümlelerle bir paragraph yazabilmelisiniz ilk etapta. Paragrafı yazarken şunları da kullanmalısınız:

|  |
| --- |
| **Using narrative sequences** |
| **Bir hikayeye başlarken**  **First**, we went to a park (öncelikle)  **To start with**, we had our breakfast (evvela, başlangıçta)  **Hikayenize devam ederken**  **Then**, we went to the cinema (sonra)  **Next**, we got on the bus (ardından)  **After that**, we had lunch (daha sonra)  **Hikayenizi bitirirken**  **Finally**, the concert ended (sonunda/ en sonunda/ son olarak)  **In the end**, we called a taxi (sonunda) |

Unitenin sonundaki REVIEW kısmına da göz gezdirmeyi unutmayın, Kolay gelsin 😊