-ING Participle to SHOW CAUSE/REASON

- The reason part of the sentence is the part carrying the participle clause and the conjunctions 'so' and 'because' are removed because the participle clause now has the meaning of because.
- a comma is necessary between the participle clause and the remaining clause.
- in or by is used to make the meaning stronger.

Sentence Showing Reason	Participle Clause
He needed Money, so he asked his	In needing money, he asked his
brother for a loan.	brother for a loan.
Because she felt sick, she went home.	Feeling sick, she went home.
She was a painter, sos he decided to	Being a painter, she decided to open a
open a gallery.	gallery.
They found it very hot, so they opened	By finding it very hot, they opened a
a window.	window.

-ING Participle to SHOW EFFECT/RESULT

- The result/effect part of the sentence is the part carrying the participle clause.
- A comma seperates -ing participle phrase from the independent clause.
- Thus or thereby is used to make the meaning stronger.

Sentence Showing Result	Participle Clause
The bomb exploded. As a result, It	The bomb exploded, thus destroying
destroyed some buildings around it.	some buildings around it.
All the employees are huge basketball	All the employees are huge basketball
fans. That makes it a very fun winter.	fans, making it a very fun winter.
He couldn't give me a straight answer.	He couldn't give me a straight answer,
This leaves a lot of room for doubt	thereby leaving a lot of room for
	doubt
Team games can have a significant	Team games can have a significant
impact on children. It makes them feel	impact on children, making them feel
less isolated.	less isolated.