**Grade 1 Unit 11**

**Vocabulary**

**Leisure Activities**

Spend time with family: aile ile vakit geçirmek

Go to the park: parka gitmek

Watch TV: Televizyon izlemek

Watch a video online: online ortamda video izlemek

Spend time with friends: arkadaşlarla vakit geçirmek

Go to a museum: müzeye gitmek

**Like / Love / Hate / Enjoy + VERB + -ING**

**Like: sevmek / beğenmek 😊**

**Love: çok sevmek / bayılmak 😊😊**

**Enjoy: keyif almak / hoşlanmak (bir şey yapmaktan keyif almak, bir şey yapmaktan hoşlanmak)**

**Hate: nefret etmek**

I love coffee

I love drink**ing** coffee

He loves coffee

He loves drink**ing** coffee

Aynı kural **like**, **hate** ve **enjoy** için de geçerli.

(+) I love drinking coffee

(-) I don’t like drinking coffee

(?) Do I like drinking coffee?

(cevap) yes, I do / no, I don’t

(I yerine we-you-they de getirebilirsin)

(+) He loves drinking coffee

(-) He doesn’t love drinking coffee

(?) Does he love drinking coffee?

(cevap) yes, he does / no, he doesn’t

(he yerine “she” veya “it” de gelebilir)

I

You (sen)

We like/love/hate/enjoy cook**ing**

You (siz)

They

I

You

We don’t like/ don’t love/ don’t hate/ don’t enjoy cook**ing**

You

They

I

you

Do we like/ love/ hate/ enjoy cook**ing**? Yes, we do / no, we don’t

You

They

**HE-SHE-IT** SÖZ KONUSU OLUNCA HERZAMANKİ GİBİ GENİŞ ZAMANDA FARKLILIK YARATIYORLAR:

He

She likes/loves/hates/enjoys cook**ing**

It

He

She doesn’t like / doesn’t love/ doesn’t hate/ doesn’t enjoy cook**ing**

It

he

Does she love/like/hate/enjoy cook**ing**? Yes, she does/ no, she doesn’t

It

We enjoy the cinema

We **enjoy** go**ing** to the cinema

He likes TV

He **likes** watch**ing** TV

They love their family

They **love** spend**ing** time with their family

Does Ayşe hate the museums?

Does Ayşe **hate** go**ing** to the museum?

**Object Pronouns**

* **What is sentence? Cümle ne demek?**

A sentence usually has a subject, a verb and object.

Bir cümlenin genellikle bir **öznesi**, **fiili** ve bir **nesnesi** vardır.

Ex: *I know* ***her****.*

*We don’t like* ***it****.*

* **What is subject? Özne ne demek?**

Subject is the person or thing that does an action.

Ex: ***The man*** reads a book.

***My teacher*** gives me a lot of homework.

* **What is object?**

Object is the person or thing that receives actions form subjects.

Ex: He played **football**.

***Subject and Object Pronouns***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject Pronouns** | I (ben) | **You (sen/siz)** | He (o) | She (o) | **It (o)** | We (biz) | They (onlar) |
| **Object Pronouns** | Me (beni /bana) | **You (seni-sana / sizi-size)** | Him (onu-ona) | Her (onu-ona) | **It (onu-ona)** | us (bizi/bize) | Them (onları/onlara) |

**We use subject pronouns when pronoun is a subject. (before a verb- fiilden önce)**

Ex: **She** goes home. **We** say goodbye.

**They** tell a story. **He** speaks slowly.

**We use object pronouns when pronoun is an object of a verb. (after a verb- fiilden sonra)**

Ex: -I meet **him**. -We see **her**.

-She gives **me** a book. -I want to tell **you**.

**We use object pronouns when pronoun is an object of a preposition. (after prepositions: *in, on, at, with, under, before, after, near*)**

Ex: -I talk with **her**. -He sits near **them.**

**Practice:**

**Choose the correct pronouns for these sentences.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ telephoned yesterday.

a. he b. him

1. We watched \_\_\_\_\_\_ for hours.

a. he b. him

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ don’t understand.

a. I b. me

1. Are you talking to \_\_\_\_\_\_?

a. I b. me

1. I go with \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. they b. them

1. Don’t ask \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. she b. her

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ doesn’t know.

a. she b. her

1. Nobody tells \_\_\_\_\_\_ the bus was leaving.

a. I b. me

1. Don’t ask \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. I b. me

1. Ask \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. he b. him

1. They asked him to invite \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. we b. us

1. David is sitting near \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. I b. me

1. My teacher is looking at \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. she b. her

1. I have a sister. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a secretary.

a. she b. her

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ go to school.

a. we b. us

16. Don’t walk after \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. I b. me

Write your answers here:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| a | b | a | b | b | b | a | b | b | b | b | b | b | a | a | b |

**Look at the examples:**

**I like apples. I like them.**

**You hate music. You hate it.**

**She adores Michael. She adores him.**

**We love her songs. We love them.**

**This birthday I received a book. My mother gave it to me.**

**It’s our book. Give it to us.**

Aşağıdaki örneğe de bakarak boşlukları dolduralım..

Mark sings to Jane. ------🡪 He sings to her.

Jane loves Mark. -------🡪She loves him.

Ayşe and Fatma: they

Ayşe, Fatma and Ali: they

Ayşe and I: we

Ayşe and you: you (siz)

Ayşe and her books: they

The books: they

The book: it

The computers: they

The computer: it

You and your computer: you (siz)

I and my computer: we

Ece: she

Ali: he

Ece and Ali: they

Ece, Ali and Kerem: they

Ece, Ali and I: we

Ece, Ali and you: you (siz)

I and you: we

1. Tom likes ice-cream. ------🡪 \_\_\_\_\_ likes \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Look at Gary and Jason! ------🡪 Look at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_! They are angry!
3. The children are playing with their toys .------🡪\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ play with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. Nick can fly the kite. -------🡪 \_\_\_\_ can fly \_\_\_\_\_.
5. These presents are for me and you. -----🡪 These presents are for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. Sophie gives a present to Kelly. -----🡪 She gives a present to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. Dave and Mary can climb the tree. -----🡪\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can climb \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

LÜTFEN BU 7 CÜMLEYE ÇOK ÇOK ÇOK İYİ ÇALIŞIN! BU TARZ ÇIKAR!

Cevap:

1. He / it
2. Them
3. They / them
4. He / it
5. Us
6. Her
7. They / it

**SUBJECT (özne)** **OBJECT (nesne)**

I **I k**now Ann. Ann knows **me**. Me

We **We** know Ann Ann knows **us**. Us

You **You** know Ann Ann knows **you** You

He **He** knows Ann Ann knows **him** Him

She **She** knows Ann Ann knows **her** Her

They **They** know Ann Ann knows **them** Them

1. I help you. You help \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. She shows you. You show \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. We save you. You save \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. He forgets you. You forget \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. They see you. You see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Cevap:

1. Me
2. Her
3. Us
4. Him
5. Them

**I** want to see **her** but ***she*** doesn´t want to see ***me.***

1. They want to see me but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ don´t want to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. She wants to see him but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doesn´t want to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. We want to see them but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ don´t want to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. He wants to see us but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ don´t want to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. They want to see her but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doesn´t want to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. I want to see them but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ don´t want to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. You want to see her but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doesn´t want to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Cevaplar:**

1. I / them
2. He / her
3. They / us
4. We / him
5. She / them
6. They / me
7. She / you

**Vocabulary**

Pop star: pop star

Player: oyuncu (maçta)

Film star: sinema yıldızı

Concert: konser

Match: maç

Premiere: gala

Stadium: stadyum

Cinema: sinema

Actor: (erkek) oyuncu (sinema oyuncusu) (kadın oyuncu: actress)

**Functional Language**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Make a suggestion (öneride bulunmak)** | **Saying Yes** |
| **What about** go**ing** to the cinema?  (sinemaya gitmeye ne dersin?)  **How about** go**ing** to the cinema?  (sinemaya gitmeye ne dersin?)  **Why don’t we** go to the cinema?  (neden sinemaya gitmiyoruz?)  **Let’s** go to the cinema.  (hadi sinemaya gidelim)   * Farkettiysen “let’s” ve “why don’t we” den sonra fiile herhangi bir şey gelmiyor ancak “what about” ve “how about” dan sonra fiile **-ing** takısı geliyor. | Sure (tabii ki)  Great (müthiş)  Perfect (muhteşem)  That sounds really nice! (kulağa gerçekten hoş geliyor) |
| **Saying no** |
| **I’m not sure about** the cinema.  (sinema konusunda emin değilim) |
| **Arrange a place and time (yer-zaman ayarlamak)** |
| Where do you want to meet?  (Nerede buluşmak istersin?)  Are you busy at 10.00 tomorrow?  (Yarın saat 10.00 da meşgul musun?)  See you there.  (Orada görüşürüz.) |

**Writing**

Sayfa 88 e bakınız.

So: Bu yüzden

I live near the sea**,** **so** we spend a lot of time on the beach.

* “so” kullanılırken, genellikle kendinden önce virgül kullanılır.

Ve son olarak, REVIEW kısmına bakmayı unutmayın 😊